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Venice, November 16. N. S.

OUR Sea Campagne is ended, and the Captain-General returned to *Napoli di Romania*, where the Soldiers that served on the Ships are Landed, and put into Quarters. The Senate have resolved to augment their Forces against the next year; We shall not need so many Recruits as we did the last; so that 'twill be easier to raise new Regiments. The Senate have named Signior *Mocenigo* to go in the Quality of Ambassador from this Republick to the Court of *Spain*, in the place of Signior *Venier*, who has leave to return home. In *Dalmatia* our Forces are likewise gone into Winter Quarters; but the Morlaques continue their Excursions into the Enemies Country, and commit great Spoil there.

Vienna, Nov. 21. The Elector of *Saxony*, who had thoughts of leaving this place some days ago, in order to his return to *Dresden*, has deferred his departure, till the Treaty that is now in hand, about his assisting the Emperor with more of his Troops the next Summer in *Hungary*, is concluded. The Envoy of *Moscovy* has dispatched an Express to his Master, to give him an account of the progress he has made in his Negotiation with the Ministers of this Court, and the Venetian Ambassador, for renewing the Allyance against the Turks for 3 years longer, and to receive such farther Instructions as the Czar shall think fit to give him in this Affair. In the mean time all our Advices assure us, that great preparations are made in *Moscovy* for carrying on the War against the Turks and Tartars, and that this does very much allarm the Ottoman Court, who find already by Experience the ill Consequence of the loss of *Asof*, and justly apprehend the farther progress of the Moscovites. The States of *Transilvania* are now assembled at *Weissinburg*, to regulate the Winter Quarters for the Imperial Forces in that Country; General *Rabutin* has been to visit all the Frontier Garisons: Some of our Troops posted at a place called *Faure*, were lately attacked by a Party of the Enemies Troops, consisting of 400 Janizaries and 100 Spahi's, but upon notice of the Enemies march, timely assistance being sent them, the Turks found so warm a reception that they made haste to retire. A Party of our Heydukes, 300 in number, passed the *Save* about a fortnight ago, and had the good fortune to meet a Bassa going with a Convoy from *Belgrade* to *Nissa*, whom they took Prisoner, having cut in pieces most of those that accompanied him. An other of our Parties belonging to the Garison of *Titul*, has made an Excursion into the Neighbourhood of *Temiswar*, and brought away divers Prisoners, among whom are several Turkish Officers. The Turkish Governor of *Teschen* in *Bossina*, *Eli Beg*, who was taken Prisoner in the late Expedition of *Coll Kiba*, is brought to *Essek*, where he has agreed his Ransom, and is to remain a Prisoner till it be paid. Winter Quarters are provided in *Bohemia* and *Carinthia* for the Imperial Forces, now coming back from *Italy*; The greatest part of them are to serve on the *Rhine* the next Summer.

Francfort, Nov. 28. The States of the *Upper-Rhine* met here yesterday, but several of the Deputies not being yet arrived, it may be some days before they enter upon Business. The Troops of *Hesse* are marching home; as are likewise part of the *Palatin* Forces; The rest march towards the *Neckar*, where they are to continue during the Winter, to assist the other Troops that are to be employed for the security of that Frontier against the Enemies Excursions.

Cologne, Nov. 30. Four *Brandenburg* Regiments are quartered in the Dioces of *Cologne*; and their Officers have received Orders to lose no time in recruiting them.

Hamburgh, Nov. 30. The Treaty between the King of *Denmark* and the Duke of *Holstein Gottorp* goes on but slowly; Nor is the Matter about the Quarters of the *Holstein* Troops, lately returned from the *Rhine*, yet adjusted. The Letters from *Warsaw* of the 17th speak more particularly than our former Advices of the Action that has passed in *Lithuania* between the Forces of Prince *Sapiha*, Great General of that Dutchy, and the Confederated Troops; They tell us, that the latter, although they were reduced to great straights for want of Provisions, refusing still to accept of the Conditions offered them by the said General, he gave Orders to attack them, but after a dispute of two hours the advantage appeared on the side of the Confederated Troops, and the others were forced to retire, with the loss of about 300 men. This new Accident is like to increase the disorder the publick Affairs of that Country was in before, and a great number of the Gentry was got together on Horseback, as well for their common preservation, as out of Resentment of some Proceedings of the Son of Prince *Sapiha*, which had very much discontented them. The French all this while carry on their Design to have the Prince of *Conti* chosen at the Election that is appointed to be in *May*, and to that end employ the Money that is remitted from *France*; but at the same time there appears a very strong Interest for Prince *James*, Eldest Son of the late King, which is supported by the Emperor.

Paris, Nov. 30. Two days ago was Registred in the Parliament of *Paris* a new Edict, appointing Commissioners to Enquire what Persons make use of Coats of Arms they have no right to, and to set Fines upon them. There are come out likewise several other Edicts for raising of Money. There is now no more talk of the departure of our Plenipotentiaries. Most of the General Officers of the Forces, that are returning from *Italy*, are already arrived here; and Mareschal *Catinat* is shortly expected. The two young Princes of *Poland*, *Alexander* and *Constantin*, have had a private Audience of the French King; They intend to